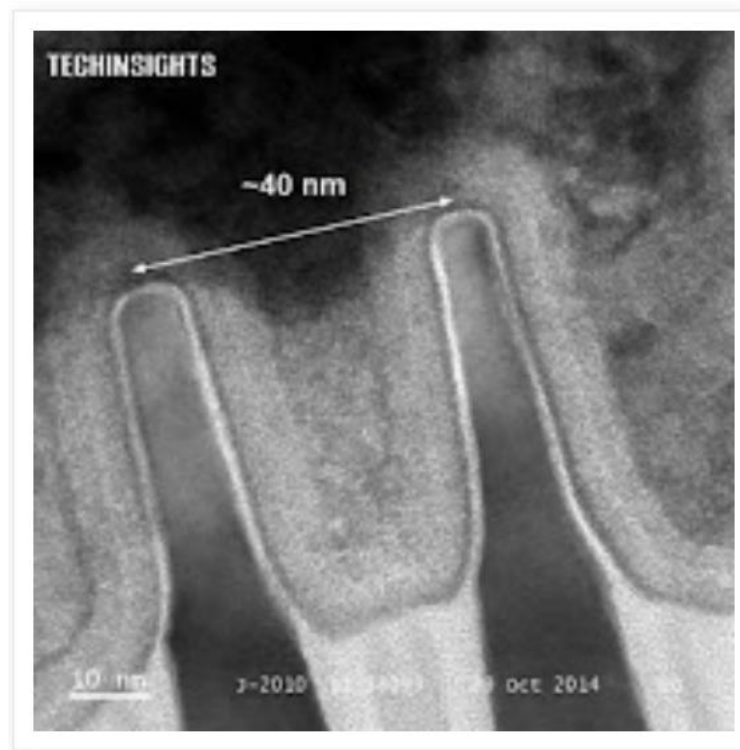
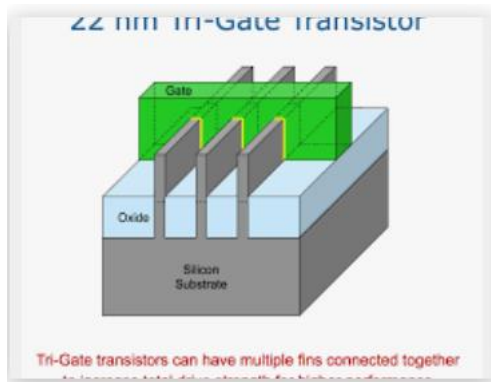


22 nm 1<sup>st</sup> Generation Tri-gate Transistor

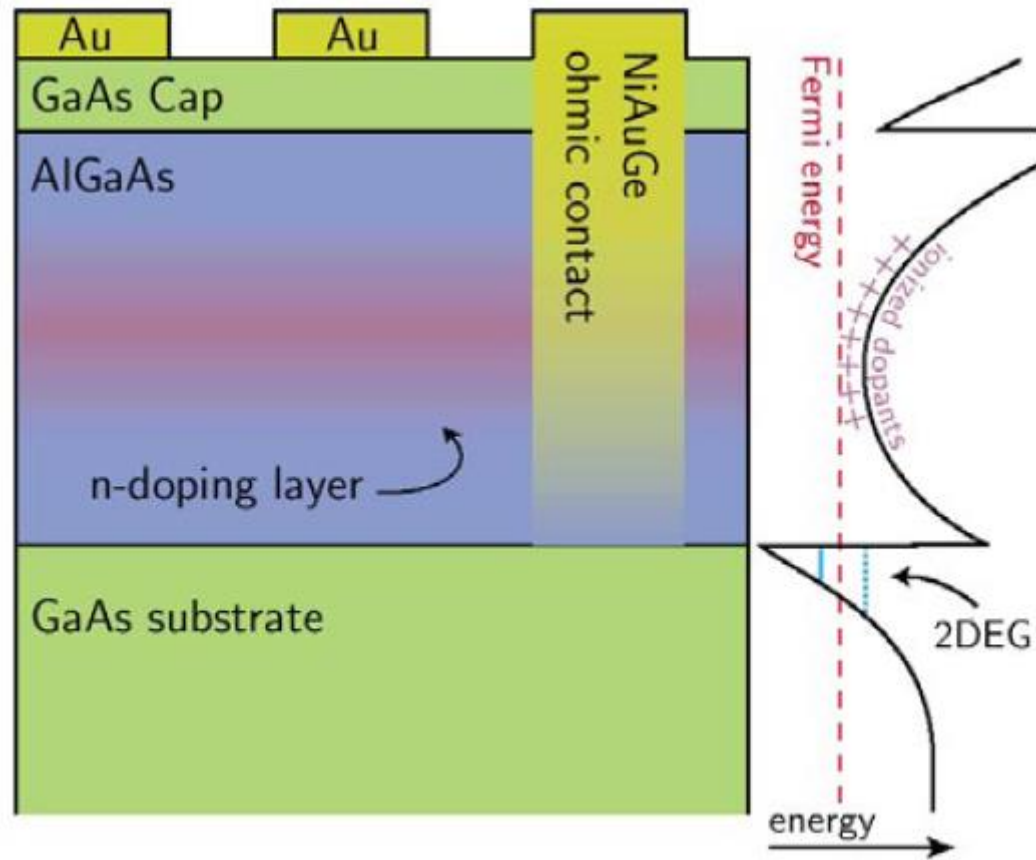


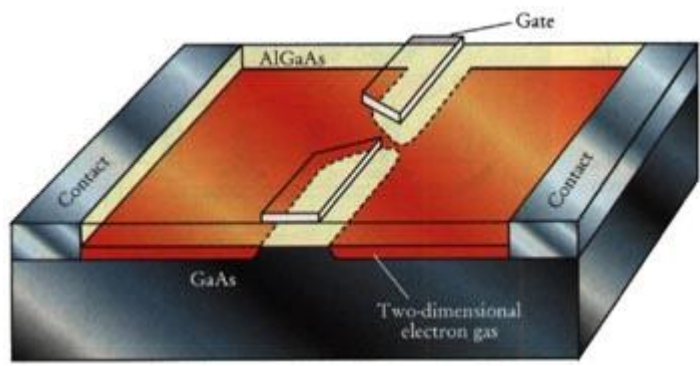
## nanoscale views: What do IBM's 7 nm transistors mean?

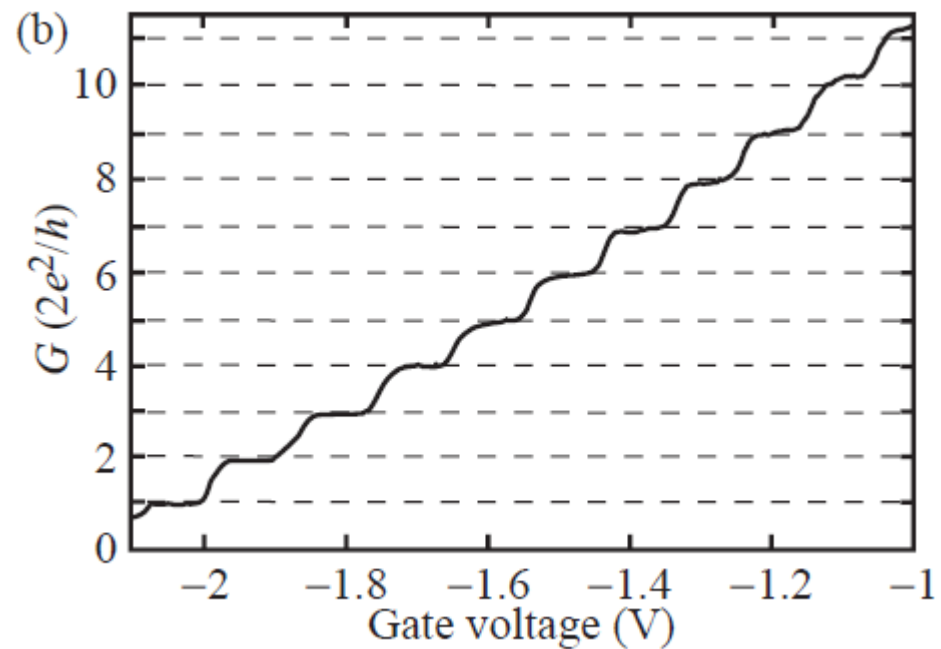
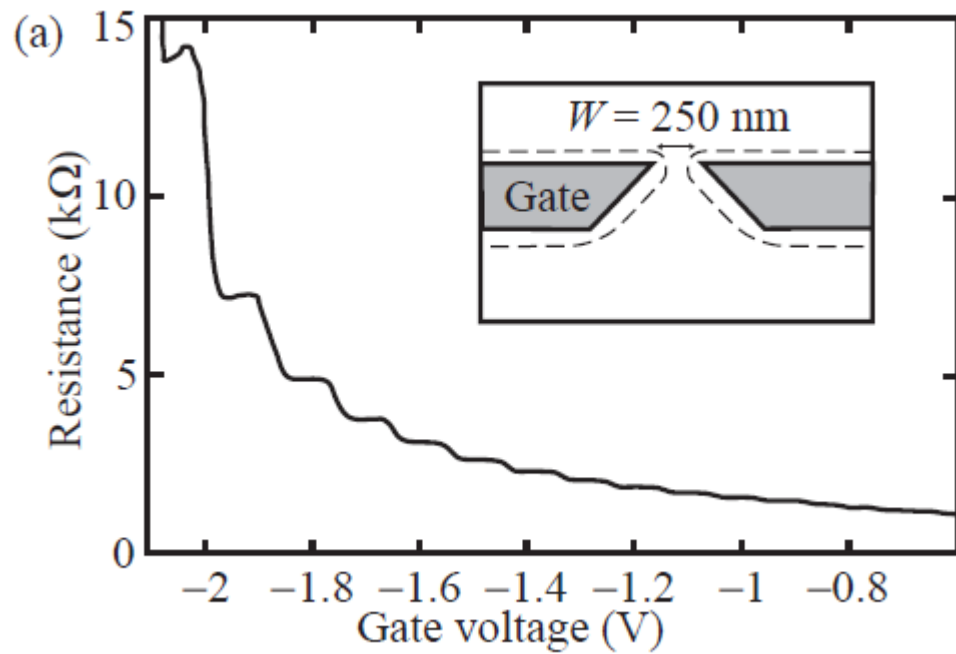


Photolithography : 193 nm –  
10nm,14nm tehnologija  
13.5 nm – extreme ultraviolet 2nm

# 2DEG



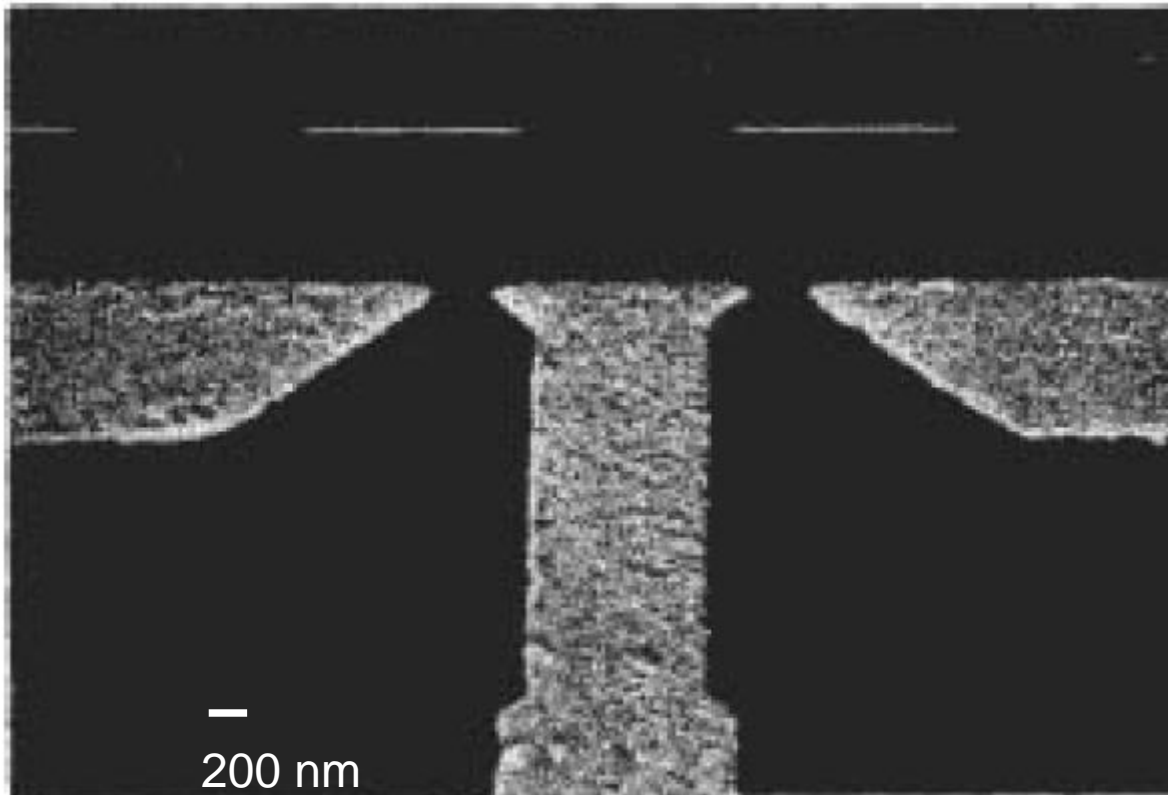




van Wees et al, 1988

# QPC (kvantni točkovni stik)

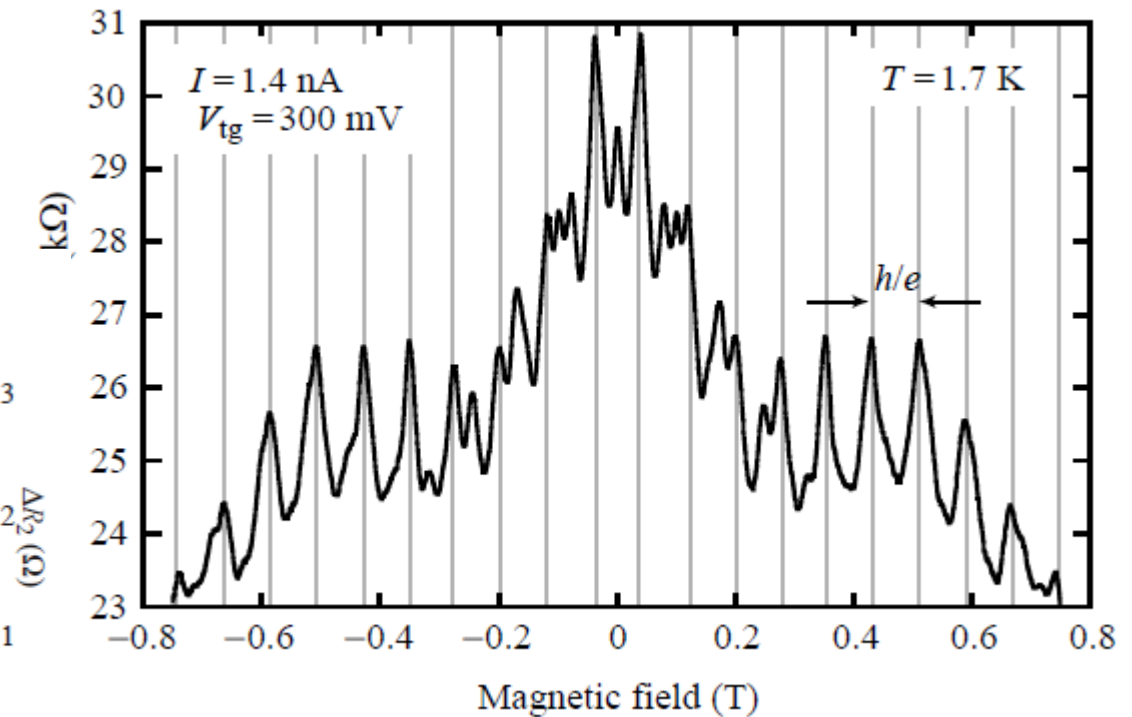
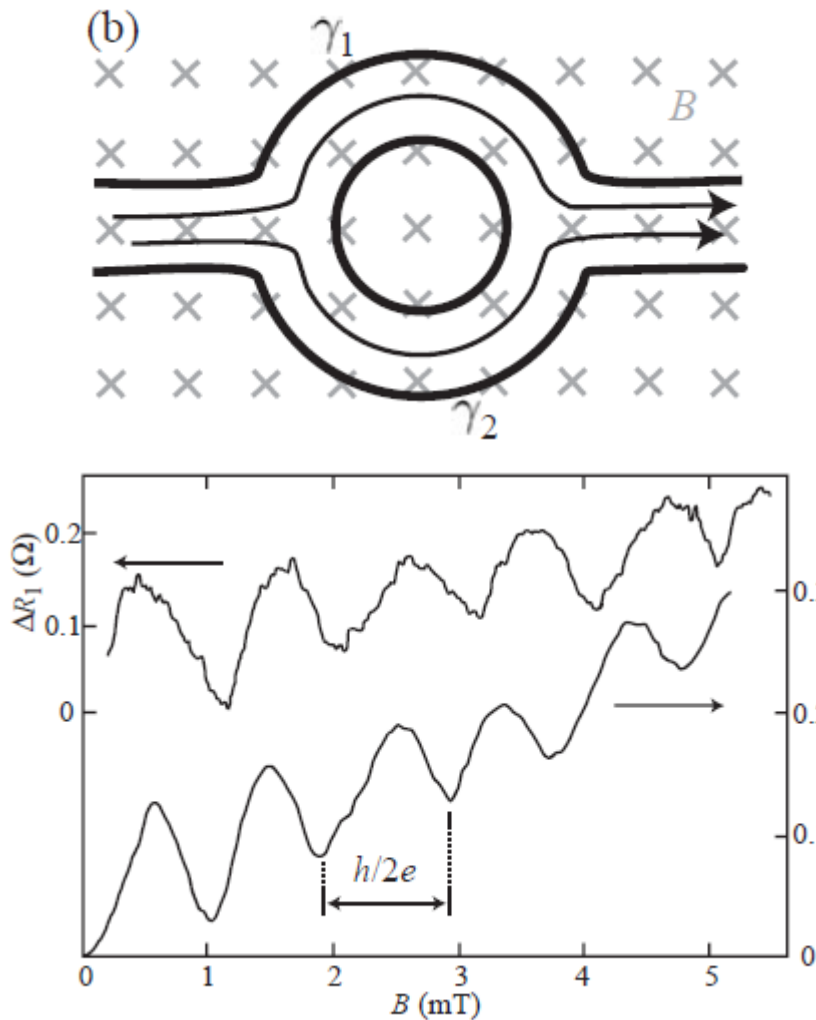
- par kvantnih točkovnih stikov



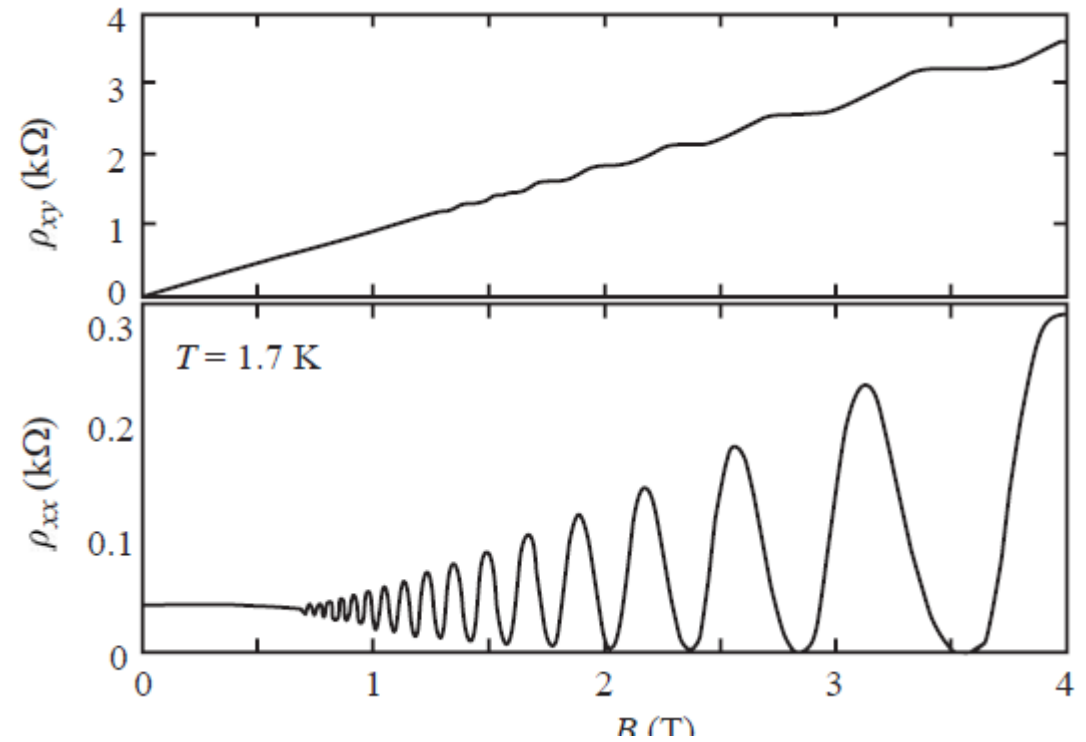
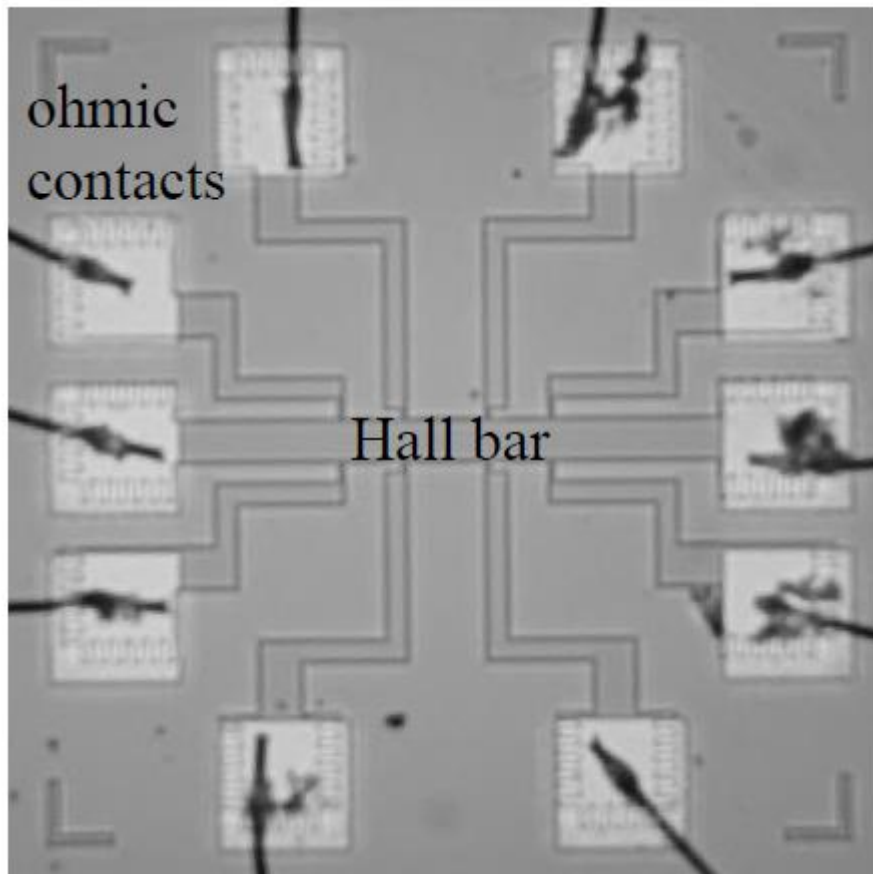
# Aharonov-Bohm



meritve 1980-1985

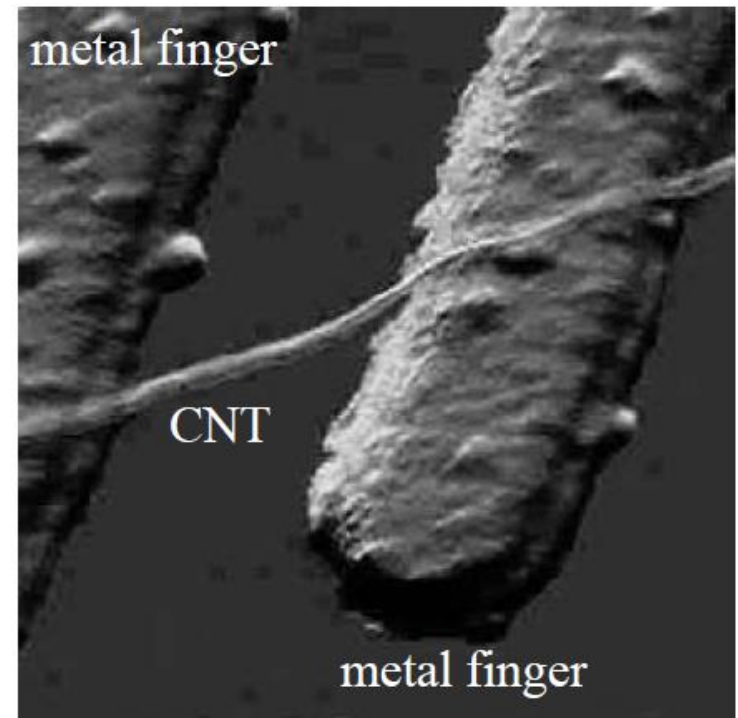
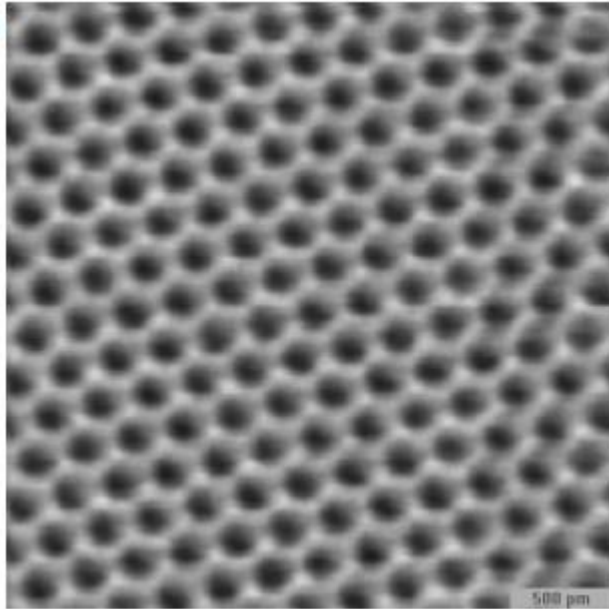


# Meritev Hallove napetosti



# Grafen

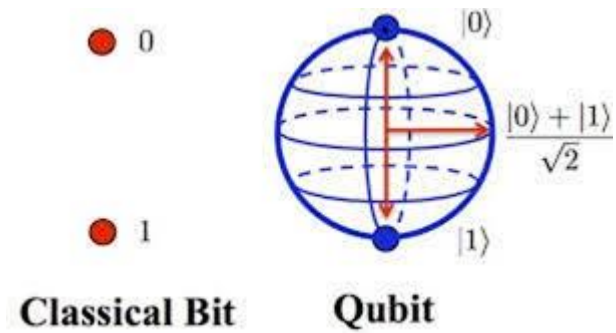
- grafen 2d snov (odkrito 2004)



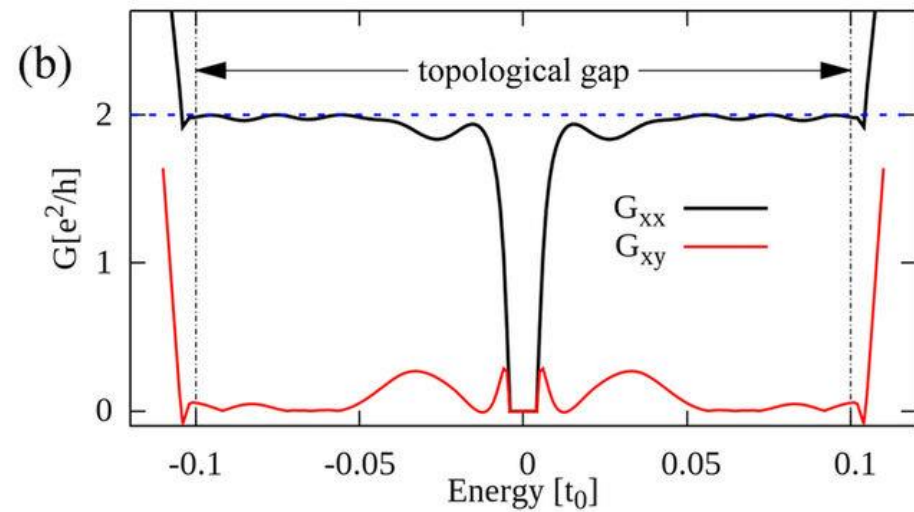
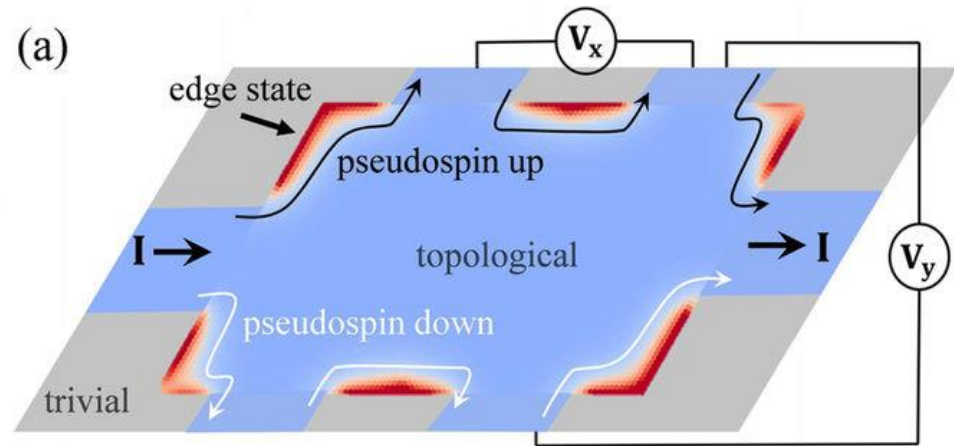
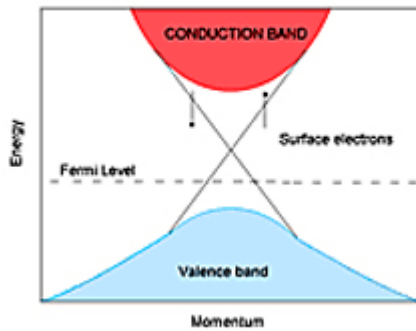
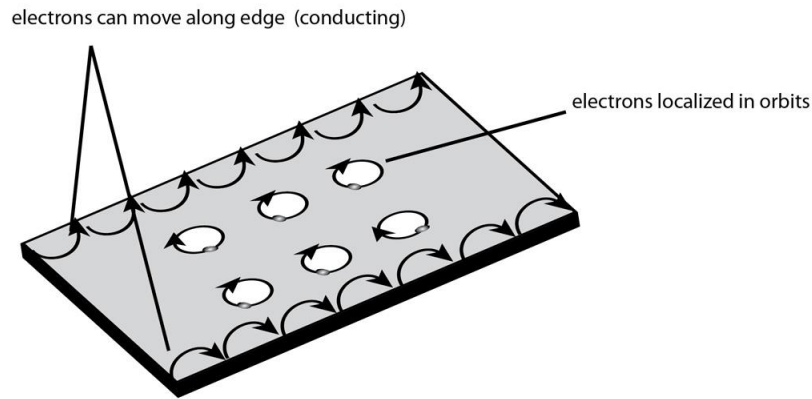
- nanocevke

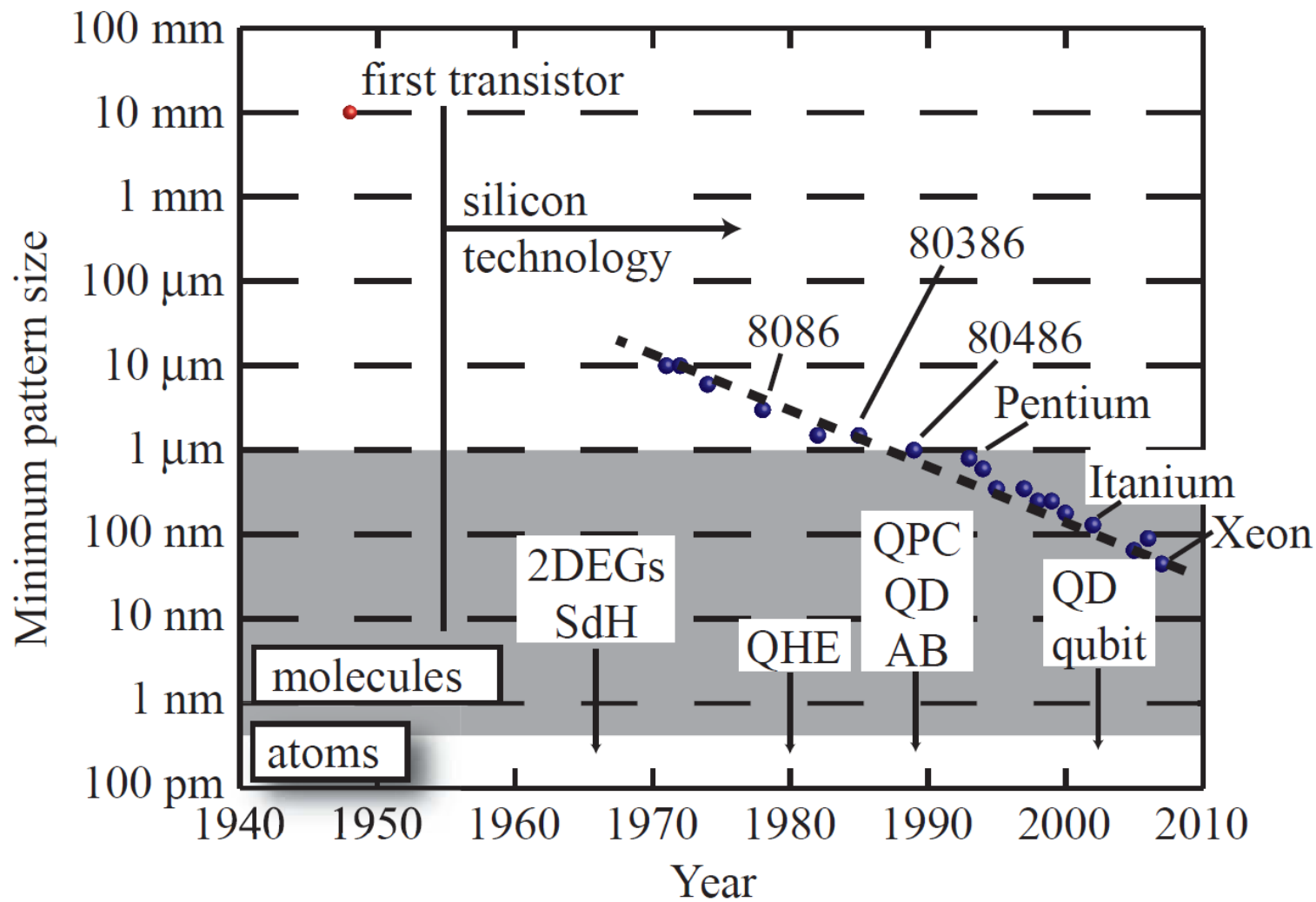


# Kvantno računanje



# Robna stanja top. izolatorjev (2005)



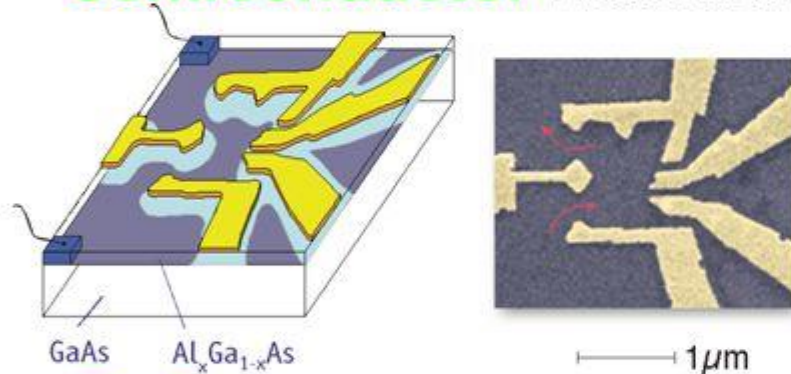


# Quantum dots

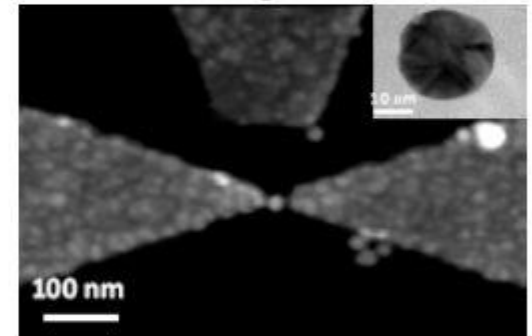
- “**0D**” systems:
  - Artificial atoms
  - Single electron transistors

- **Realizations:**

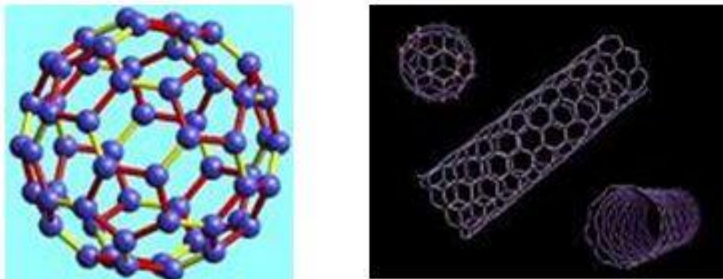
- **Semiconductor** heterostructures



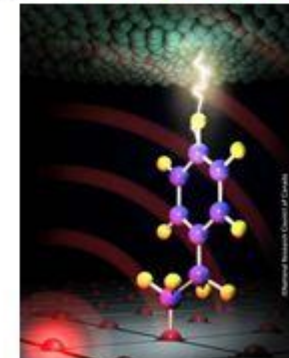
- **Metallic** grains

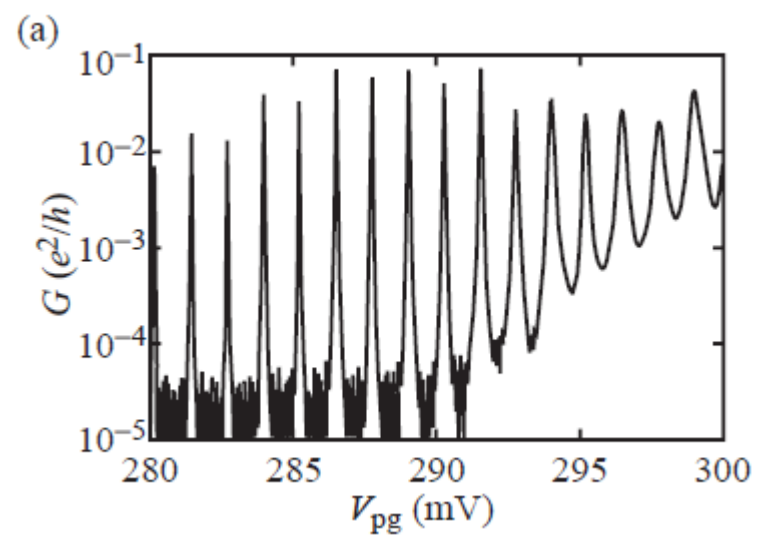
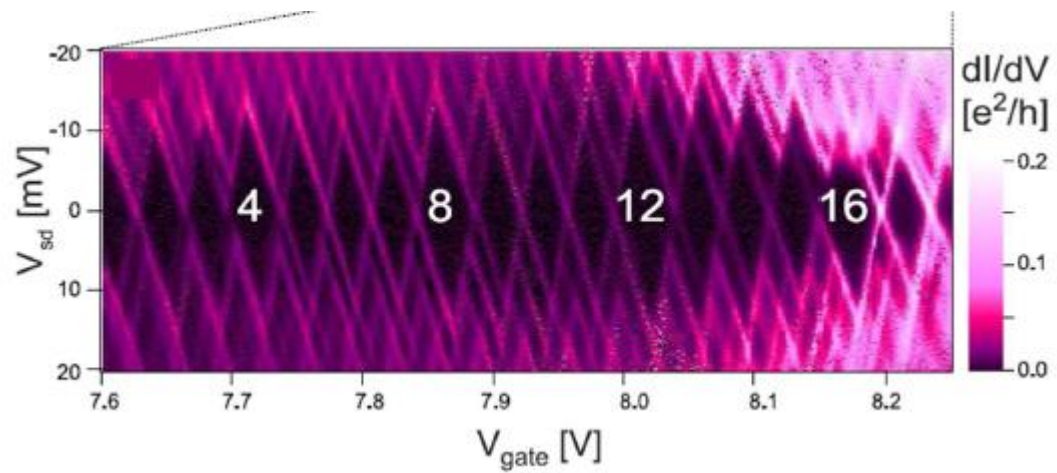


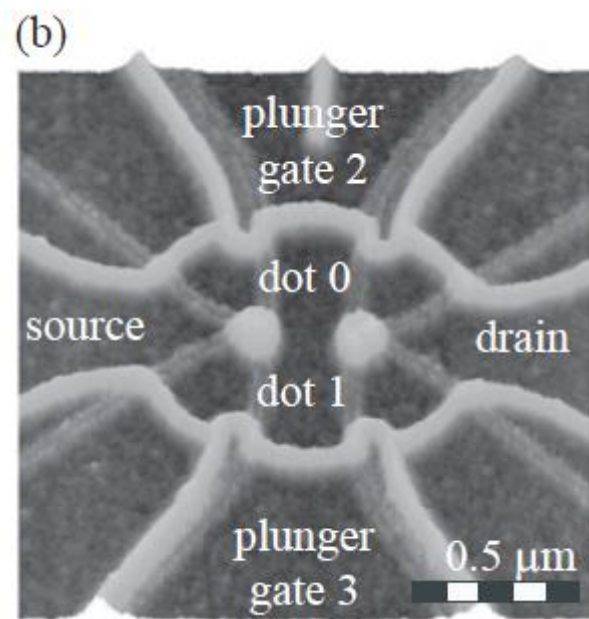
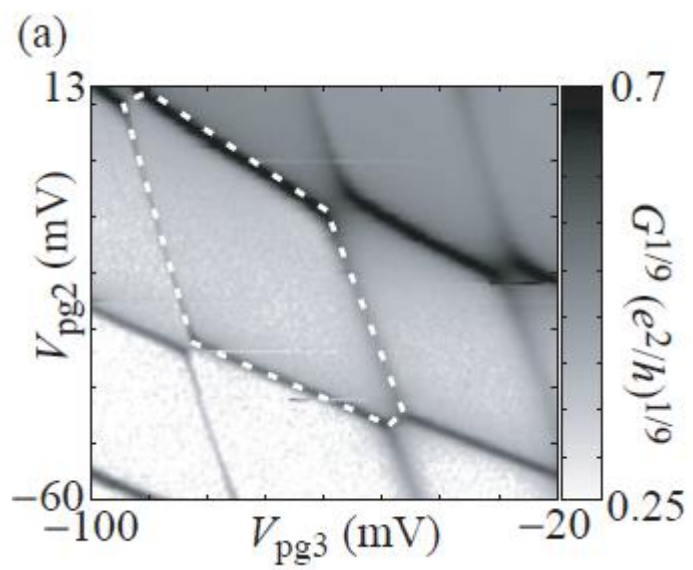
- **Carbon** buckyballs & nanotubes



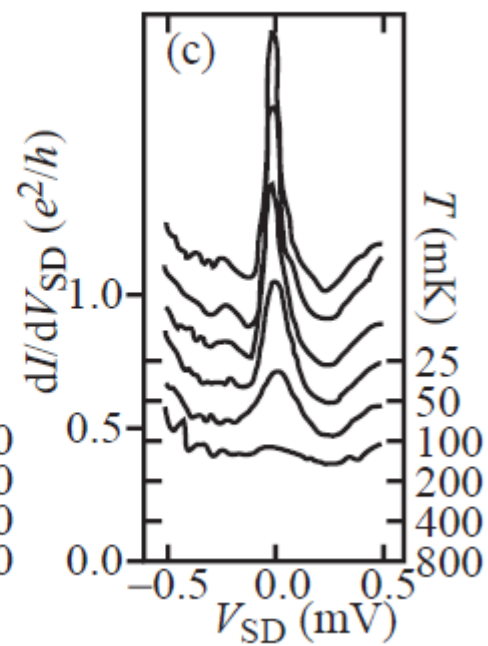
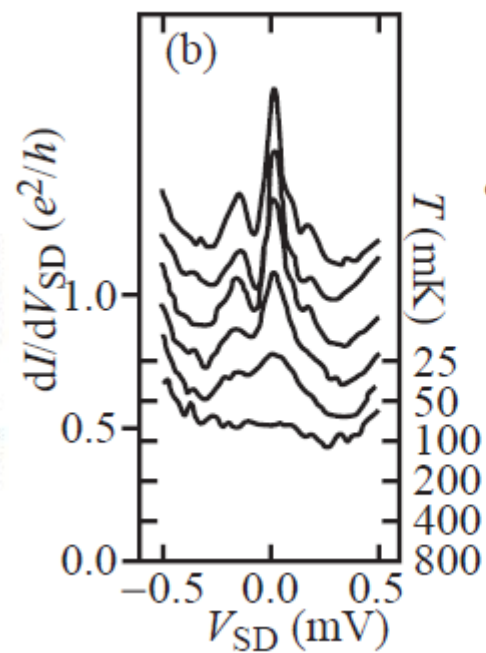
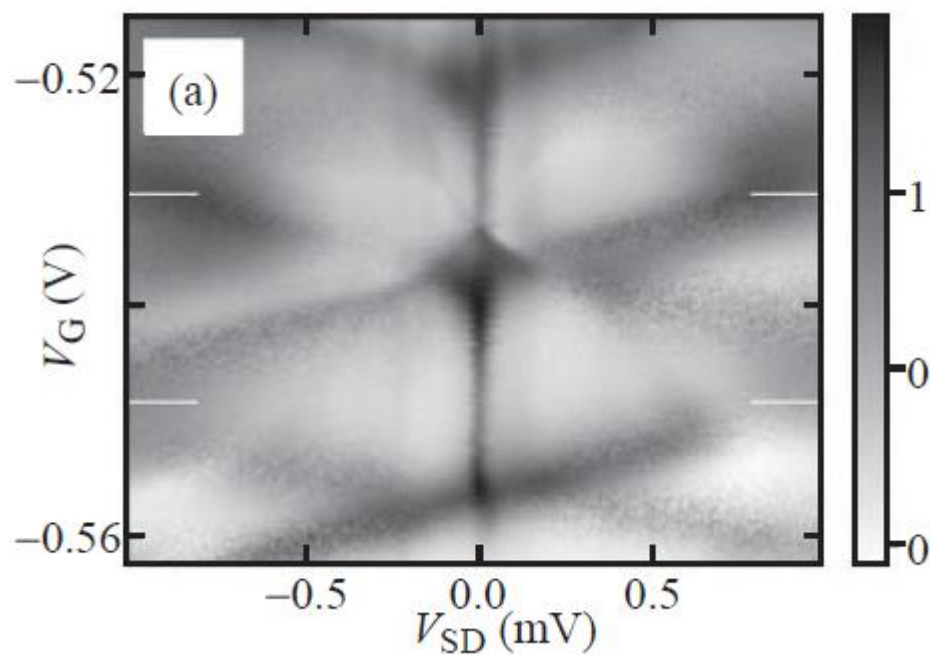
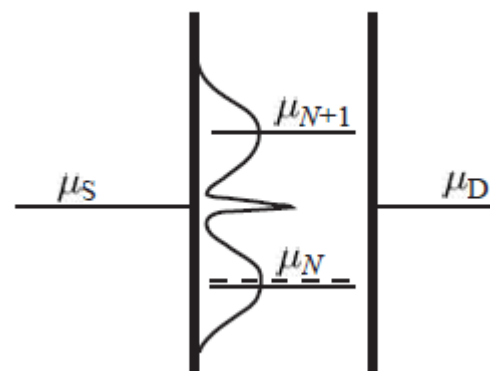
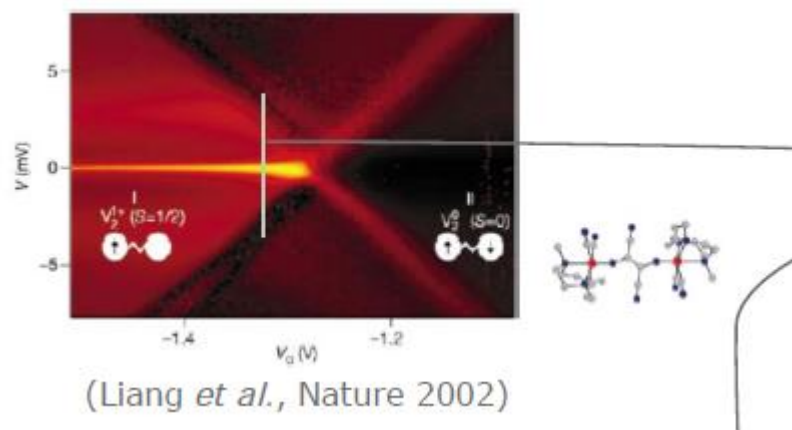
- Single **molecules**



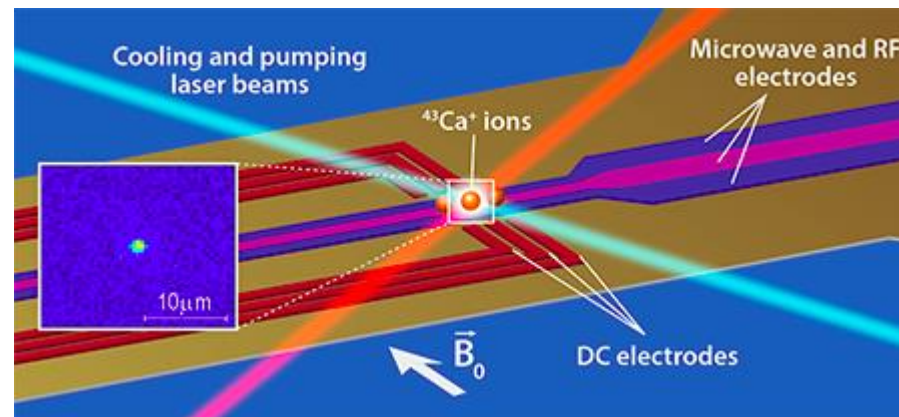






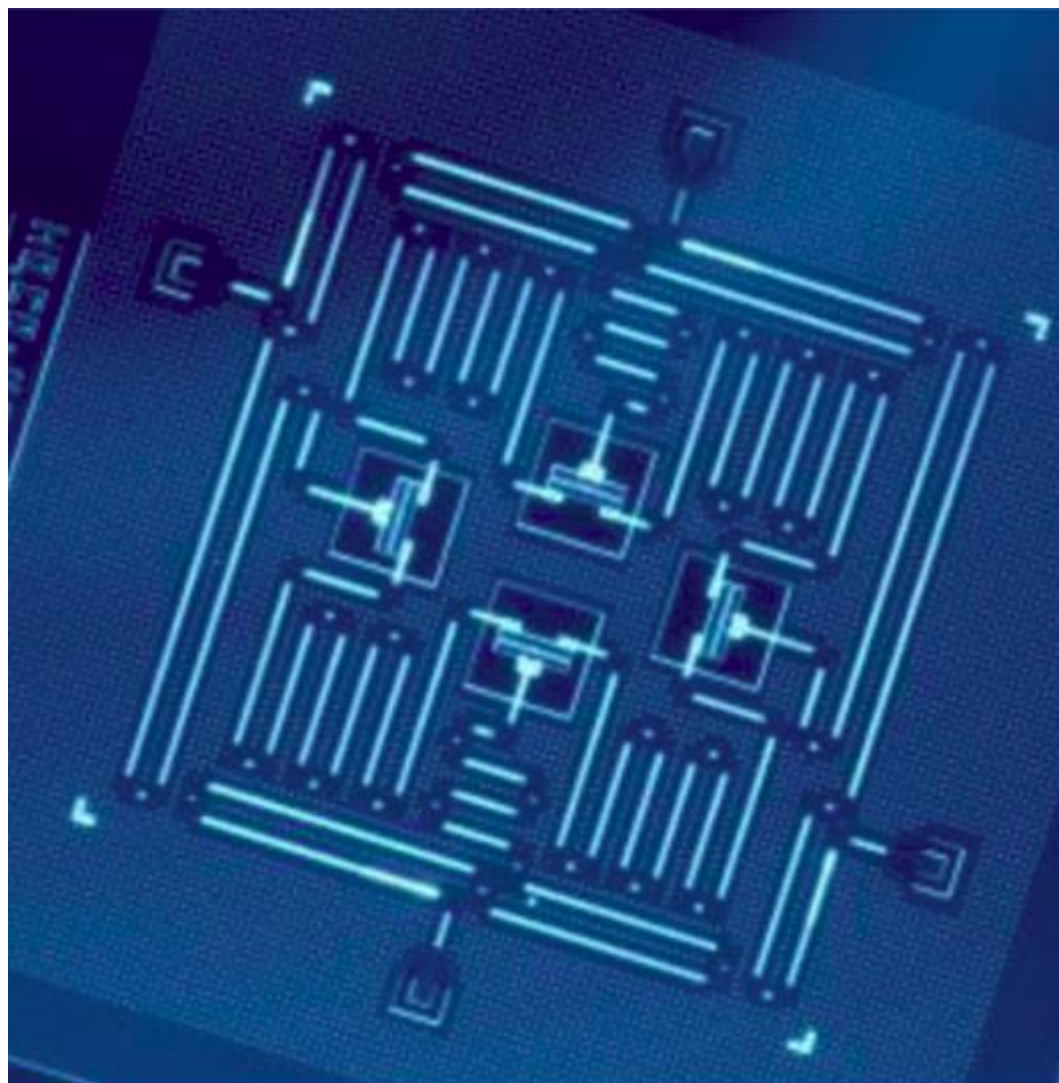
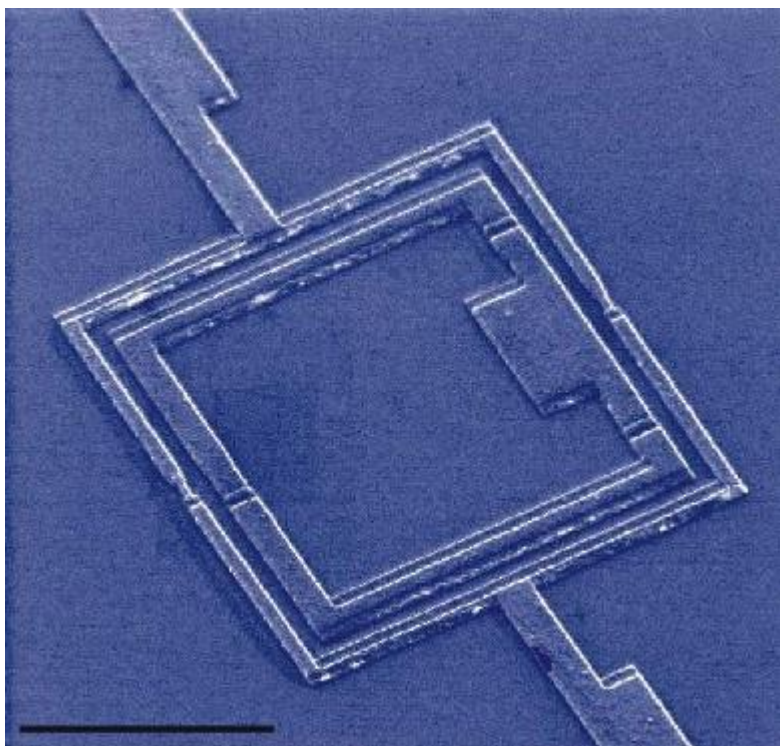


# Trapped Ion





# Josephsonovi kubiti



# Ali so kvantni računalniki računalniki prihodnosti?

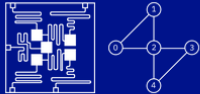
- Josephsonovi kvantni račun. so sedanost!
- Aktivno tekmovanje med velikani:
  - IBM Quantum Experience (online platforma, odprta! 5 kubit 2016, 20 kubit 2017 ), 50 kubitov (konec 2017)
  - Google Bristlecone: 72 Josephsonovih kubitov (Marec 18)
  - Microsoft : topological quantum computing, Majoranini kubiti

# IBM Quantum Experience

IBM Q > Experience

Home [Composer](#) Devices Community GitHub [Jernej Mravlje](#)

**IBM Q 5 Tenerife** [ibmqx4] ACTIVE: USERS



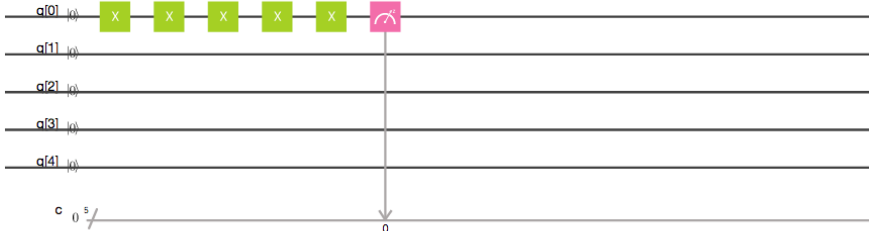
Last Calibration: 2018-06-01 11:57:01  
Fridge Temperature: [] -  
[More details](#)

	Q0	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Frequency (GHz)	5.24	5.31	5.35	5.41	5.19
T1 ( $\mu$ s)	54.30	58.00	45.40	35.00	52.10
T2 ( $\mu$ s)	15.20	35.50	52.00	13.80	32.00
Gate error ( $10^{-3}$ )	0.77	2.32	1.37	4.29	0.94
Readout error ( $10^{-3}$ )	5.60	4.00	9.00	4.00	5.70
MultiQubit gate error ( $10^{-3}$ )	CX1_0	CX2_0	CX3_2	CX4_2	
	2.22	2.95	14.99	4.00	
	CX2_1	CX3_4			
	2.93	8.24			

**IBM Q 5 Yorktown** [ibmqx2] MAINTENANCE

**5 NOT Gates** [Add a description](#) New Save Save as

[Switch to Qasm Editor](#) Backend: ibmqx4 My Units: 15 Experiment Units: 3 Run Simulate



**GATES**  Advanced

- id X Y Z
- H S S† +
- T T†

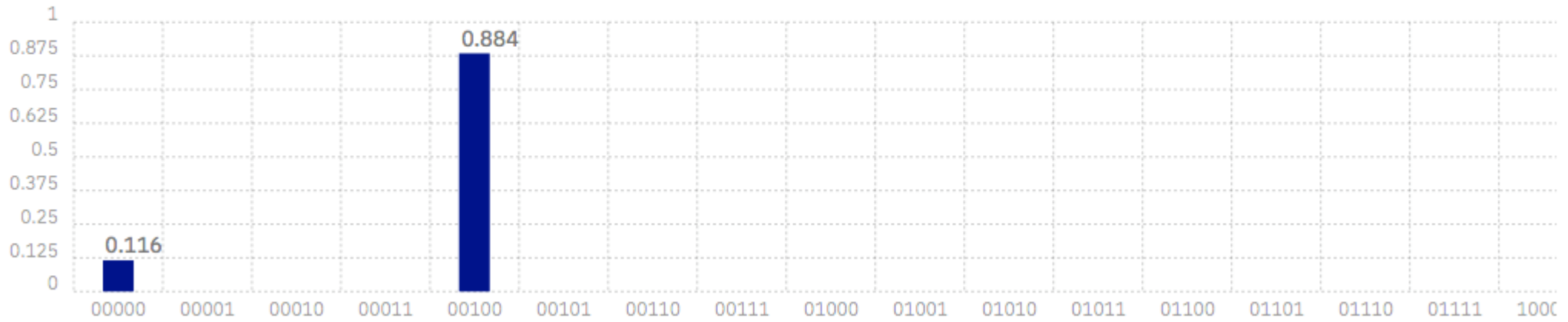
**BARRIER** **OPERATIONS**

Light

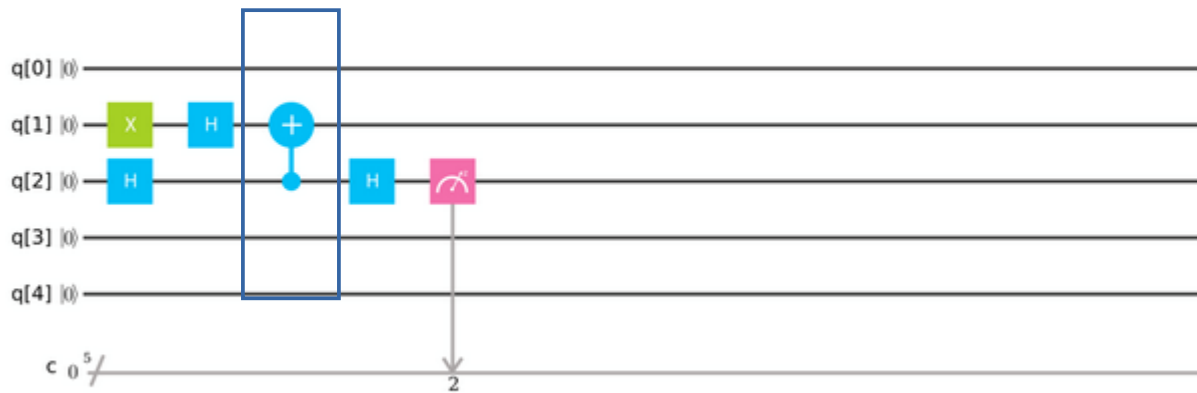
Device: ibmqx4

## Quantum State: Computation Basis

[Download CSV](#)



## Quantum Circuit



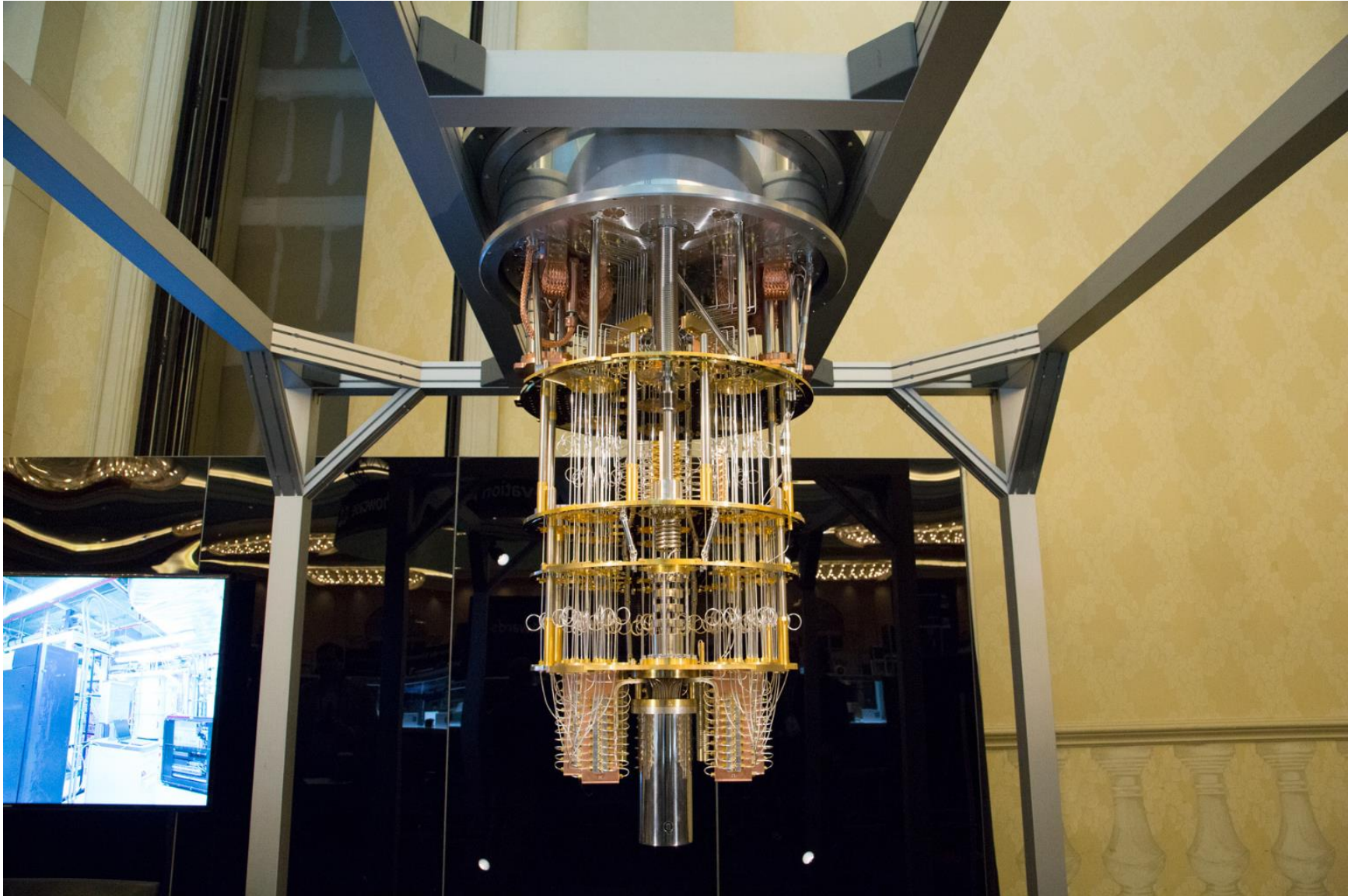
### OPENQASM 2.0

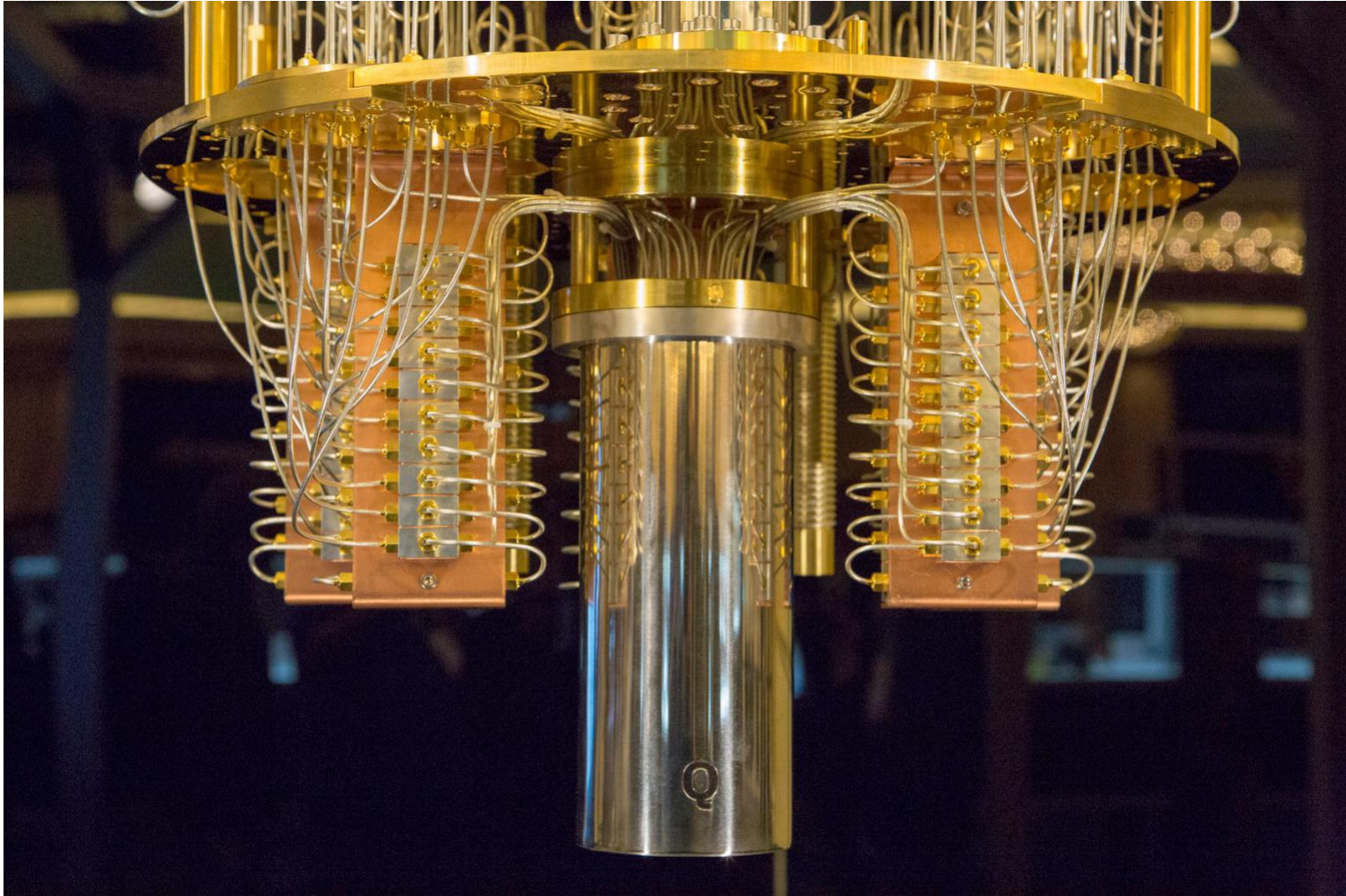
```
1 include "qelib1.inc";
2
3 qreg q[5];
4 creg c[5];
5
6 x q[1];
7 h q[2];
8 h q[1];
```

[Open in Composer](#)



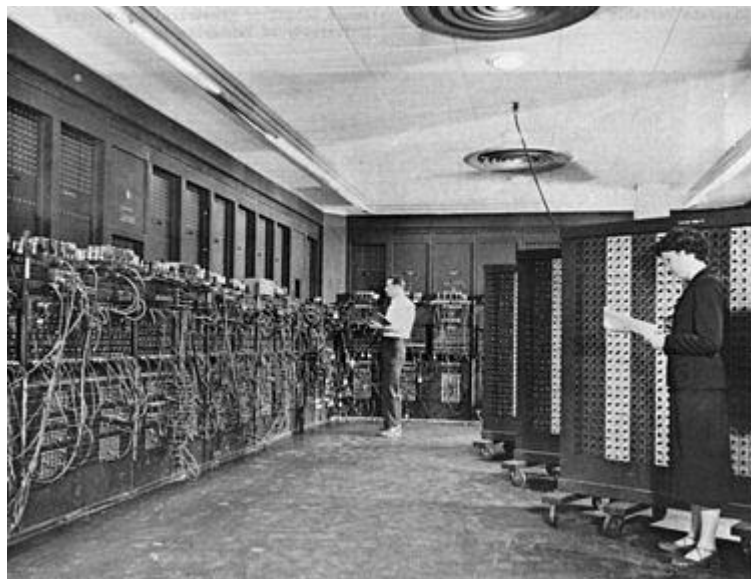
# IBM Nov 2017 50kubitov



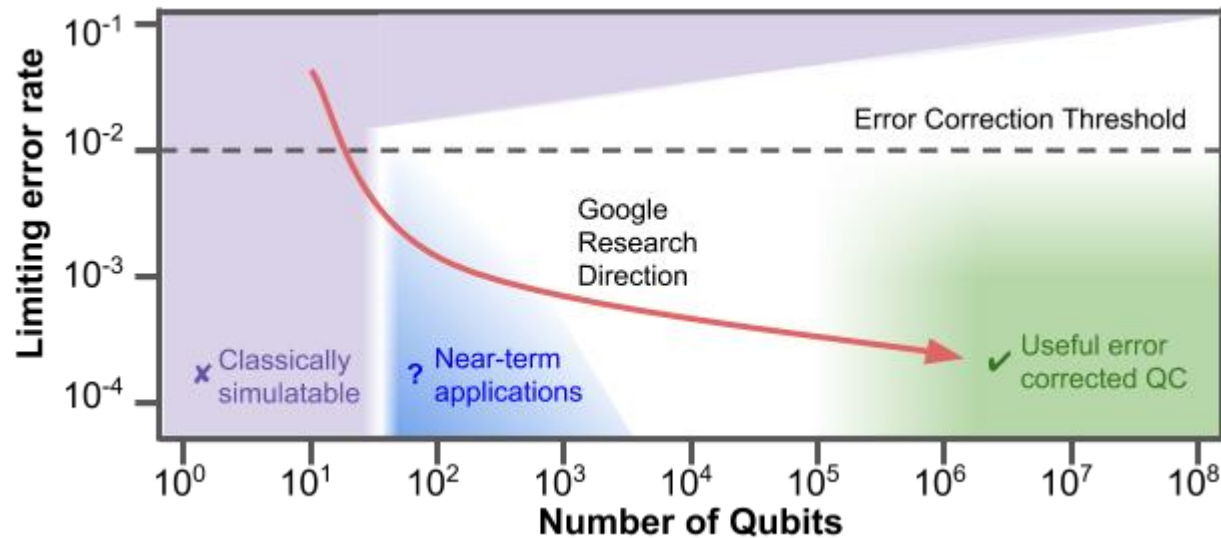




# ENIAC 1945



# Google Bristlecone 72 Josephsonovih kubitov





# Microsoft : topološki kubiti (“1 naš kubit toliko kot 1000 njihovih”)

## Microsoft Quantum labs and locations



Redmond

The Quantum Architectures and Computation (QuArC) group works to make quantum computers accessible to developers by creating a software stack.



Santa Barbara

Station Q at the University of California, Santa Barbara is working to understand how topological phases of matter can be used in quantum architecture.



Delft

The team in Delft is finding ways to suppress quantum decoherence through topological protection through a quantum-gate operation.



Copenhagen

The Center for Quantum Devices looks for ways to control and study the properties of Majorana fermions.



Sydney

The team in Sydney is exploring the engineering challenges for reading out and controlling qubits in scaled-up architectures.



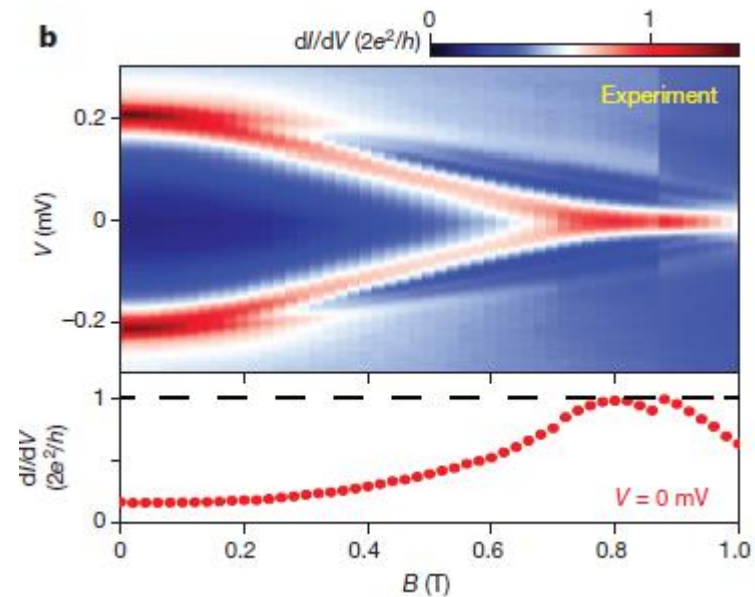
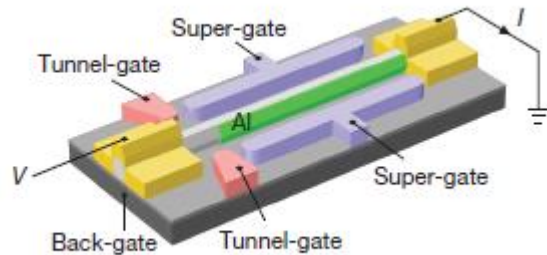
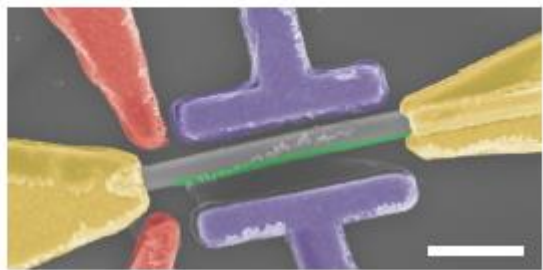
Lafayette

Station Q at Purdue University focuses on the quantum-mechanical properties of electrons in ultra-high purity III-V semiconductor devices.

# Quantized Majorana conductance

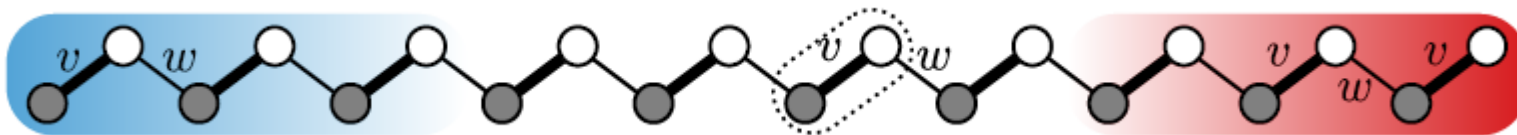
InSb nanowire

**a**

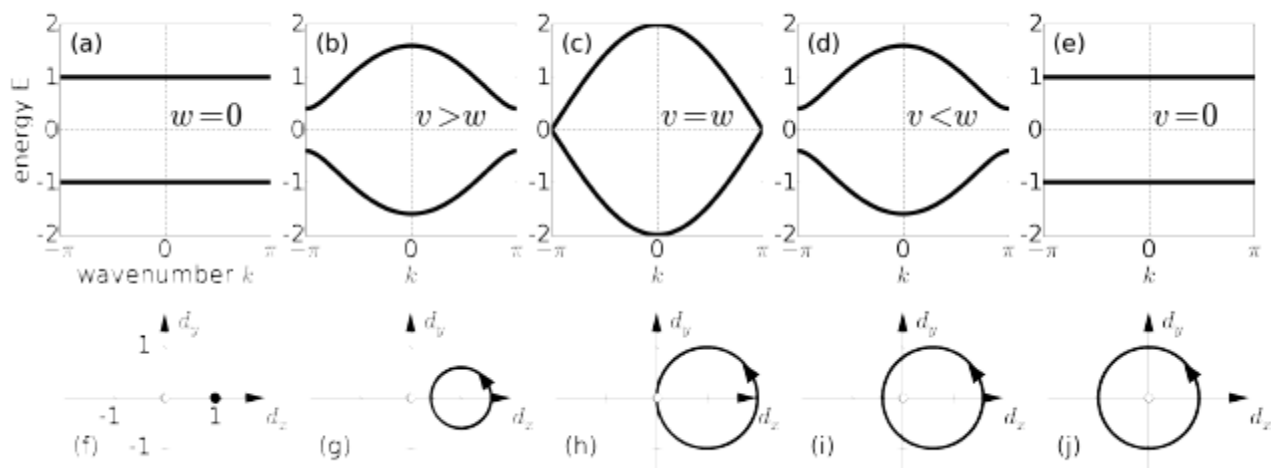


| NATURE | VOL 556 | 5 APRIL 2018

2. Mourik, V. *et al.* Signatures of Majorana fermions in hybrid superconductor-semiconductor nanowire devices. *Science* **336**, 1003–1007 (2012).



$$\hat{H} = v \sum_{m=1}^N (|m, B\rangle \langle m, A| + h.c.) + w \sum_{m=1}^{N-1} (|m+1, A\rangle \langle m, B| + h.c.)$$



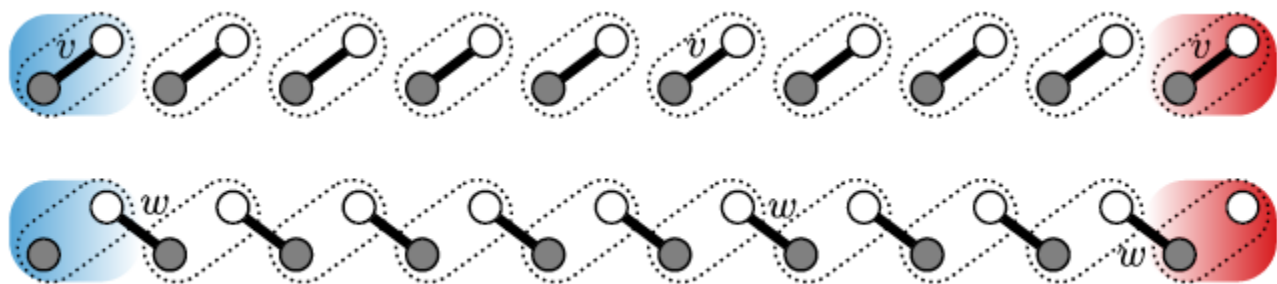
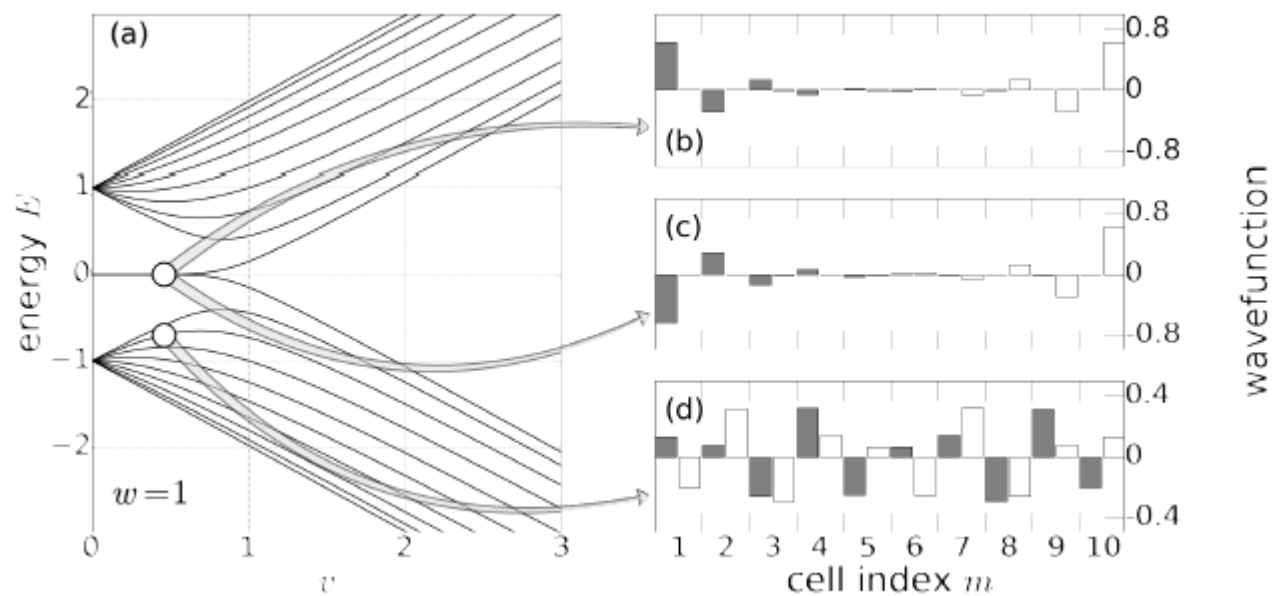
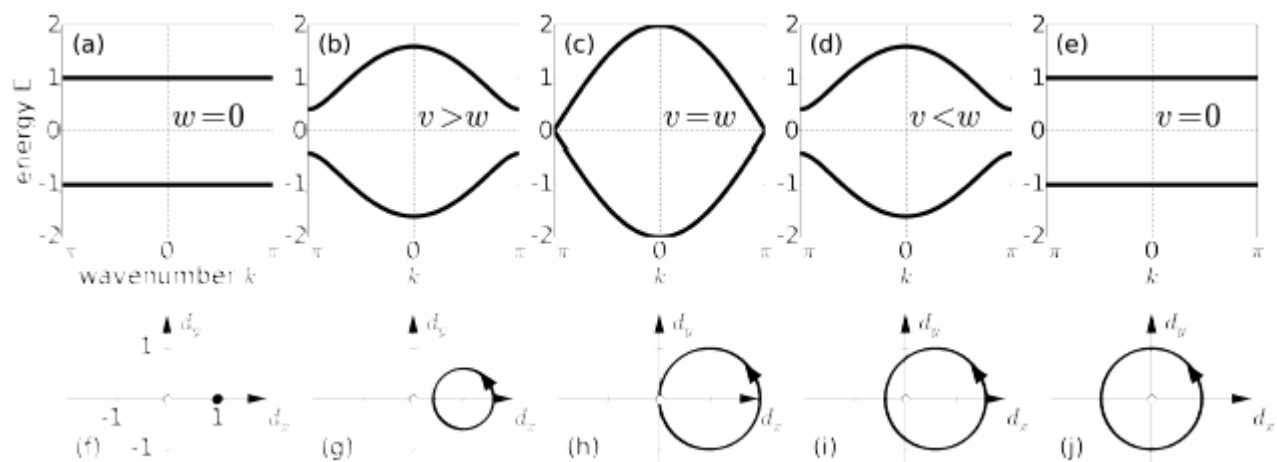
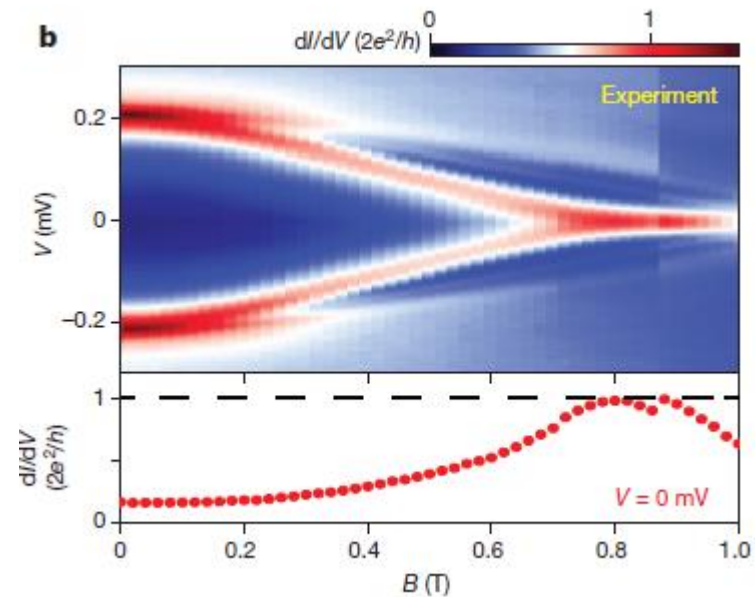
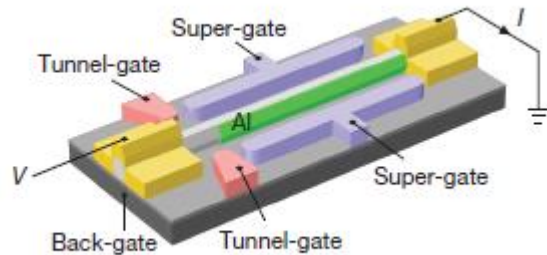
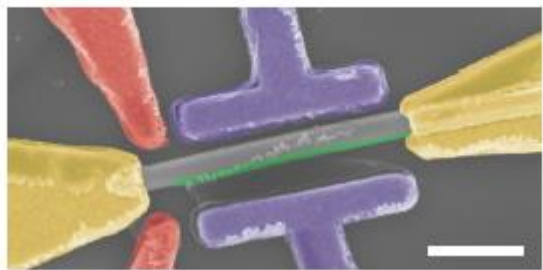


Fig. 1.2 Fully dimerized limits of the SSH model, where the chain has fallen apart to disconnected

# Quantized Majorana conductance

InSb nanowire

**a**



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2. Mourik, V. *et al.* Signatures of Majorana fermions in hybrid superconductor-semiconductor nanowire devices. *Science* **336**, 1003–1007 (2012).

# Eksitacije z energijo 0: degenerirano osnovno stanje

$\cdot 2^N$ , kjer je  $N = N_{\text{majorana}}/2$ . Vsak par Majoraninih fermionov kubit.

